

CAPTURE 1,200 IRISH REBELS

Dublin Is in Grip of Famine After "War."

SCORES OF WOMEN PRISONERS

Enniscorthy Insurgents Yield to Troops and Only a Few Fighting Against Authorities—Loss of Property May Reach \$20,000,000—Much Looting.

London, May 2.—The war office issued an official statement from Dublin saying that the rebels at Enniscorthy have surrendered to the military authorities unconditionally.

Prisoners taken in Dublin total over 1,200. Four hundred and eighty-nine of these have been sent to England, adds the official report. The prisoners include practically all the Sinn Féin chiefs and rebel leaders of Dublin.

Many women are among the captives. The principal feminine rebel taken is the Countess Markievicz.

Information received here from Kingston stated that the rebels in Dublin had almost exhausted their supply of ammunition and that the fighting there had died down to intermittent sniping.

Famine Threatens Dublin. Throughout Dublin and the suburbs the supply of food has become so low that poor families are threatened with famine. This is due to the fact that railroads have been used during the last six days past for military purposes and no foodstuffs were sent into the Irish capital.

In official circles it is claimed that the revolt of the Sinn Féiners has been crushed. However, military law will be maintained in Ireland until order has been restored.

Capture German Officers. The declaration that German submarines were used as filibusters to land arms in Ireland is borne out by the statement of a British officer in Dublin that two German officers were found among the slain in the streets of the Irish capital. It was supposed that they too had been landed on the Irish coast by a U-boat.

Women Fire from Behind. Women took a prominent part in the uprising. The Kinestown correspondent of the Chronicle says that several English officers were shot in the back by women. One officer was killed by a woman who struck him over the head with the butt of a rifle.

Loss in Property Heavy. It is impossible to estimate accurately the loss throughout the zones of fighting in the southeastern and western parts of Ireland, but it is expected to exceed \$20,000,000. There was much looting. One correspondent describes scenes in Dublin in which poor women, whose ragged clothing was partly hidden by greasy shawls, wore diamond tiaras in their hair. These had been stolen from jewelry shops into which the rebels broke to secure material for street barricades.

A. J. GRAHAM, BANKER, DIES

He Was Among Banquetters Made Sick by Poisoned Soup.

Chicago, May 2.—Andrew J. Graham, one of the best-known private bankers in the United States and head of Graham & Sons, the largest private bank in the middle west, died at his home, 3340 Washington boulevard, after a comparatively brief illness.

Mr. Graham's death was due to a disorder of the kidneys, for which he had been under treatment for some time and which recently became acute. The banker was made seriously ill at the time of the banquet given on Feb. 16 to Archbishop Mundelein at the University club, when many guests suffered from a wholesale poisoning attempt made by Jean Cronos, the anarchist assistant chief of the institution, who has since been a fugitive from justice.

MICHIGAN HARD HIT BY LABOR SHORTAGE

Wages Advancing and Prosperity Great All Over State.

Detroit, May 2.—Michigan manufacturers, agriculturists, merchants, vessel owners and other business men who employ from a modest squad to thousands of workers, are facing a labor famine. The labor shortage is said to be the most serious in the history of the state.

Wages paid ordinary laborers and clerks, and practically wages to women, have advanced sharply during the last six months. In Detroit, Grand Rapids, Kalamazoo, Lansing, Jackson and other cities.

Many expert machinists, attracted by high wages in eastern munition plants, have left the state. Hundreds of young Michigan men enlisted in Canadian regiments. The upper peninsula is experiencing record breaking prosperity.

THE MISSIONARIES OF ANTIOCH

Acts 11:19-30; 13:1-3—May 7.

Persecution Spreads the Gospel—The First Church Amongst the Gentiles. Barnabas Sent From Jerusalem to Assist the Young Church—Saul of Tarsus Brought to Antioch—The Two Sent Forth as Missionaries. Ordination and Laying on of Hands.

"Go ye therefore, and make disciples of all the nations."—Matthew 28:19. R. V.

ANTIOCH, at the time of our study, was the third city in the world in commercial importance and population, only Rome and Alexandria taking precedence. It is noted as being the first city outside of Palestine in which a Christian church assembly was formed. Indeed, we might say that as Jerusalem was the center of influence in Palestine, so Antioch became a center of influence respecting the Gospel amongst the Gentiles.

It seems that the little spark of Truth which started the work of the Lord at Antioch resulted from the persecution at the time of St. Stephen's death. Some of those forced out of Jerusalem by that persecution settled at Antioch, and of course let their light shine out for others. At first this was done only toward those of Jewish faith; for in so large a commercial city there were sure to be large numbers of Jews. We know not how many of them were reached by the Gospel; but it was surely confined to them until the end of Israel's seventy symbolical weeks of Divine favor—until the autumn of 36 A. D.—Daniel 9:24-27.

At the same time, therefore, that the Lord was sending Philip to the Samaritans and to the Ethiopian eunuch, and was opening the door to the Gentiles through the Apostle Peter, He was ready to open the door to the Gentiles everywhere. Under the leading of Divine providence some of the Christian Hebrews elsewhere got the proper thought at the proper time—that a Gentile who would receive the Lord Jesus could be classed as a disciple equally with the Jews who had done so.

The news that the Gospel was going to the Gentiles at Antioch, and that large numbers were turning to the Lord, reached the Church at Jerusalem—the head-center of Christian work. The brethren there had already been prepared by the Lord's manifest dealings in the case of Cornelius; and this, undoubtedly, would largely correct any prejudice on the subject of the Gentiles as fellow-heirs of the Abrahamic Promise, which had previously pertained to the Jews alone. Accordingly, Barnabas was sent to Antioch to judge of the true condition of things and to give some report as to whether the new converts were worthy to be recognized as fellow-heirs with the saints.

Christian Missionaries. Barnabas was a Levite and a native of Cyprus, an island near Antioch, and probably was familiar with the dialect spoken in Antioch. Additionally, he had a beautiful character; in fact, he had been named Barnabas by the brethren, who had thus designated him "a son of consolation," a helper. He at once overtook toward the Antioch brethren; and in the same comforting, helpful manner as at Jerusalem he exhorted them all. As a result "much people was added to the Lord."

While Barnabas was at Antioch, he had in mind Brother Saul of Tarsus, whom he had met in Jerusalem; and he concluded that, since Tarsus was not far from Antioch, he would look Saul up, interest him in the work, etc. He probably remembered that Saul's ideas were extremely broad in respect to the Gospel, and concluded that the brethren at Antioch would be greatly profited by his assistance. He found Saul and brought him to Antioch, where his influence was no doubt for the good of all. For a whole year they assembled with the Church at Antioch, and taught much people. It was there the disciples were first called Christians.

The result of their labors was that the Church as a whole was developed. There were a number of prophets—public speakers—and teachers in the Church; and evidently they began to consider how they might be used of the Lord to His glory and to the blessing of others. They finally concluded to send forth Barnabas and Paul as their representatives in mission work. The proper course having been decided upon, the congregation fasted, prayed and laid their hands upon the two, then sent them on their missionary tour with the blessing of the Church.

The laying on of hands was probably done by the congregation, through the Elders. This would not signify authority to preach, as ordination sometimes means today amongst various sects and parties. It simply meant that the congregation were sending forth the two as their representatives, for whose maintenance the congregation was responsible. Later, the brethren returned and made report.

Paul and Barnabas Sent Forth.

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PROCEEDINGS OF THE COMMISSION.

Owosso, April 28th, 1915.

Special meeting of the Commission, Mayor DeYoung presiding.

Members present, DeYoung, Hanscom, Rosevear.

The following call was read: April 27th, 1915. To the Commissioners of the City of Owosso:

There will be a special meeting of the Commission of the City of Owosso at nine o'clock in the forenoon on Friday, April 28th, 1915, to transact any business that might be presented at any regular session of the said Commission.

By order of the Mayor, A. H. DUMOND, City Clerk.

NEW BUSINESS

The following estimates were presented: Owosso, Michigan, April 27, 1915.

To the Commission of the City of Owosso: The department of public safety and finance respectfully submits the following estimates of the probable expenses and liabilities to be incurred in the several departments under the control of the commissioner of public safety and finance for the ensuing fiscal year beginning June 1, 1916, and ending May 31, 1917, together with the estimated revenues from sources other than taxes in such departments.

For the Contingent Fund: To defray the contingent and other expenses of the city for the payment of which from some other fund no provision is made, viz:

Lighting public buildings. \$100.00
Telephone rental and tolls. 150.00
Election expenses. 800.00
Surety bonds and depository bonds. 432.50
Fuel. 150.00
Printing proceedings and public notices. 450.00
Annual Audit. 300.00
Maintenance of buildings. 300.00
Public fountains and horse troughs. 200.00
Office expenses. 600.00
Expense of justice court. 325.00
Dog warden department. 150.00
Sealer of wts. and measures. 200.00
Miscellaneous. 1,000.00

Total. \$5,157.50

Less estimated receipts from licenses, interest on deposits and miscellaneous sources. \$2,150.00

Less estimated balance at close of fiscal year. \$1,000.00

Total. 3,150.00

To be raised by tax. \$2,007.50

For the employers' liability fund; to provide compensation for injured employees. \$500.00

For the fire department fund:

Salaries. \$9,950.00
Fire alarm system. 420.00
Repairs to equipment. 100.00
Grain, hay and straw. 500.00
Veterinary and medicine. 60.00
Laundry. 78.00
Blacksmithing. 120.00
Fuel and light. 200.00
Telephone rent. 36.00
Miscellaneous expenses. 500.00
One smoke helmet. 50.00

Total. \$12,024.00

For the fire hydrants fund:

For rental of hydrants for use for fire purposes. \$4,560.00

For the health fund:

Health officer. \$300.00
Inspector. 200.00
Rent of dumping ground. 300.00
General expenses. 50.00

Total. \$850.00

For the salary fund:

Commissioners. \$2,500.00
City Clerk. 1,100.00
City treasurer and clerical help. 1,000.00
City assessor and cler. help. 1,000.00
City attorney. 800.00
Justice of the peace. 1,000.00
Constable. 700.00

Total. \$8,100.00

Interest and sinking fund:

Int. on general fund bonds. \$6,600.00

Sinking serial bonds:

Refunded park. \$2,500.00

Refunded paving. 1,000.00

West Main paving repair. 1,000.00

Refunded gen. improvement. 1,000.00

Refunded Oliver and Washington street pavement. 1,000.00

Armory. 1,000.00

Fire department. 1,000.00

Total. \$8,500.00

To provide sinking fund for other bonds:

Street improvement. \$750.00

Refunded armory site. 1,000.00

Refunded bridge. 200.00

Refunded paving. 3,000.00

Total. \$4,950.00

Total int. and sinking. \$20,050.00

For the police department:

Salaries. \$4,700.00

Telephone rent and tolls. 110.00

Light. 40.00

Fuel. 30.00

Livery. 120.00

Miscellaneous. 220.00

Total. \$5,220.00

For the library fund:

Salary of librarians. \$900.00

Salary of janitor. 600.00

Books and supplies. 500.00

Fuel. 240.00

Light. 50.00

Water. 25.00

Miscellaneous. 200.00

Total. \$2,515.00

Respectfully submitted, JAS. DE YOUNG, Mayor.

Owosso, Mich., April 27, 1915.

To the Commission of the City of Owosso:

The department of public improvements respectfully submits the following estimates of the probable expenses and liabilities to be incurred in the several departments under the control and charge of the commissioner of public improvements for the ensuing fiscal year beginning June 1, 1916, and ending May 31, 1917.

We Are Showing Exceedingly Pretty Silk and Lingerie

WAISTS

New waists must not be forgotten in choosing one's spring wardrobe. Original modes in Georgette Crepe, Crepe de Chine, nets laces, plain and striped Taffetas, Organdies and Voiles. Many new style points.

A pretty waist of Voile is pictured at \$2.00. Sailor collar, stylish jabot, pointed turnback cuffs. Trimming of hemstitching and bands of light blue Voile. Rows of narrow pleats down front and back.

Upper sketch shows an exceptional value in a plain tailored Taffeta waist at \$2.95. Comes in various plaid pastel shades in handsome effects. Choice of high or low collar.

B. SIEGEL & CO.

Mail Orders Filled. Inquiries Promptly Answered.

Waists Exactly Like Cut

For the general street fund: For the cost of keeping the paved streets clean and repaired, and other general expenses in connection with the repair and maintenance of streets: Telephone rentals. \$60.00 Cleaning paved districts. 3,000.00 Portion of com's salary. 1,000.00 St. repairs, improvements and curb construction. 8,300.00 Tax for paving Exchange street abutting post office. 439.55 Partial payment of loan for opening Exchange street. 800.00 For paving Washington St. from bridge to D. G. H. & M. R. R., city's portion of expense \$4,001.80, and for paving Washington street from D. G. H. & M. R. R. to Ridge street city's portion of expense \$4,745.04, total \$8,746.84; to be raised by loan \$7,000.00, to be raised by tax. 1,746.84 Total. \$15,346.39

For the general side walk fund: For deficiency created in the construction of side walks where guaranteed tar walks had been built. \$900.00 For construct' of cross walks. 800.00 Total. \$1,700.00

For the park fund: Care of Fayette Square. \$320.00 Fountain on Fayette Square. 20.00 Bentley park. 500.00 Total. \$840.00

For the general sewer fund: Hose. \$100.00 General repairs. 300.00 Forty-four flush tanks at \$20.00. 880.00 For 1-6 of cost of sewer on Cass street. 66.12 For 1-6 of cost of sewer on Corunna Road. 300.00 Total. \$1,588.62

Respectfully submitted, FRED L. HANSCOM, Commissioner of Public Improvements.

Owosso, Mich., April 27, 1915.

To the Commission of the City of Owosso: The department of public utilities respectfully submits the following estimates of the probable expenses and liabilities to be incurred in the several departments under the control and charge of the commissioner of public utilities for the ensuing fiscal year beginning June 1, 1916, and ending May 31, 1917, together with the estimated revenues in that department.

For the light fund: Cost of lighting public streets and alleys. \$8,850.00

For the general water fund: For interest on bonds. \$4,275.00

As a set off or source of revenue for the payment of this interest on bonds the following charges are made and provided for the service rendered by the water works department:

44 flush tanks at \$20. 880.00 6 water troughs at \$20. 120.00 Fountain at Fayette Square. 20.00 4 drinking fountains at \$20. 80.00 228 hydrants at \$20. 4,560.00 7 sprinkling wagons at \$70. 490.00 Total. \$6,150.00

No tax to be raised for general water fund.

For the water works fund: Construction of new services (net cost). \$1,650.00 Improvement of pump house grounds. 1,200.00 Partial payment of water supply loan. 2,500.00 Superintendence. 1,000.00 Meter repairs. 500.00 Tools. 200.00 Office expense. 620.00 System repairs. 750.00 General expenses. 2,000.00

Pump house: Salaries. 4,320.00 Repairs. 800.00 Fuel. 4,650.00 Supplies. 500.00 Light. 125.00

Total. \$10,195.00

Grand Total. 20,615.00

Less estimated receipts. \$15,000.00

To be raised by tax. \$5,615.00

Respectfully submitted, JOHN ROSEVEAR, Commissioner of Public Utilities.

Mr. Hanscom moved that the estimates be received, filed and ordered printed, which prevailed, ayes DeYoung, Hanscom, Rosevear.

The following resolution was presented and on motion of Mr. Rosevear same was adopted, ayes DeYoung, Hanscom, Rosevear: Resolution No. 93.

Whereas, the heads of departments have caused estimates in writing to be submitted to the Commission of all the expenditures which will be required to be made from the several general funds of the City during the fiscal year beginning June 1st, 1916, and ending May 31st, 1917, for the payment of interest and debts to fall due or for lands to be acquired, buildings to be erected or repaired, bridges to be built, for the paving of streets, the construction of sewers, making improvements of the year and for any other expenses for which money will be required to be paid from any of the several general funds during said fiscal year, and for determining the amount to be raised for the payment of interest on the bonded indebtedness of the City and for the purpose of sinking certain bonded indebtedness and for further determining upon the amount to be required to be raised in the next general tax levy to meet any deficiency for the current year, also the amount of part of any special assessment which they may require to be levied or to be reassessed in the next general tax roll of the City or upon any parcel of land or for any particular person as a special assessment, be it resolved that the following estimates be adopted.

The City Clerk is hereby directed to publish in one or more of the newspapers published in the City the estimate as shown below and to publish therewith notice that the Commission of the City of Owosso will meet at their regular place of meeting in the City Hall upon Monday, the 8th day of May, 1916, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. at which time the annual appropriation bill will be submitted for adoption and opportunity given for hearing upon the following estimates:

(Continued on page 8)

AN ORDINANCE

An ordinance amending section one of an ordinance entitled, "An ordinance to provide the salary and bond of the City Clerk, and provide for the appointment and salary of the Deputy Clerk," passed and approved December 20, 1909.

The City of Owosso ordains:

Sec. 1. That section 1 of an ordinance entitled, "An ordinance to provide the salary and bond of the City Clerk and to provide for the appointment and salary of the Deputy Clerk," passed and approved December 20, 1909, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1. That the salary of the City Clerk is hereby fixed at the sum of \$1,000.00 per year, payable monthly.

Sec. 2. This ordinance shall take effect May 1, 1916.

Passed and approved April 28th, 1915.

JAMES DE YOUNG, Mayor.

ARTHUR H. DUMOND, City Clerk.

Order of Publication.

State of Michigan.

The Probate Court for the County of Shiawassee.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County held at the Probate office in the City of Corunna, on the 10th day of April in the year one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

Present Matthew Bush, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of William W. Wallace, deceased.

The Administrator of said estate having rendered a final account to this Court.

It is ordered that the 8th day of May next at ten o'clock in the forenoon at said Probate office, be appointed for examining and allowing said account.

And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Owosso Times, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Shiawassee.

MATTHEW BUSH, Judge of Probate.

By CLYDE H. GALLOWAY, Probate Register.

Commissioners' Notice.

In the matter of the estate of Peter Glina, deceased.

We the undersigned, having been appointed by the Hon. Matthew Bush, Judge of Probate in and for the County of Shiawassee, State of Michigan, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said estate, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the Old Corunna State Bank in the City of Corunna, in said County, on Saturday, the 17th day of June, A. D. 1916, and on Thursday, the 17th day of August, A. D. 1916, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days, for the purpose of receiving and adjusting all claims against said estate, and that four months from the 17th day of April, A. D. 1916, are allowed to creditors to present their claims to said Commissioners for adjustment and allowance.

Dated the 17th day of April, A. D. 1916.

ERNEST T. SIDNEY, CHARLES CARLAND, Commissioners.

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Farmers—

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This rich productive California county is sparsely settled compared to the East. There are thousands of acres ready for industrious farmers—land that will yield far more than the average farm land throughout the United States. Here forty acres will bring greater revenue than a quarter section in some parts of the country. The land is suitable for general farming. Alfalfa is cut six times each year and yields from 1½ to 2 tons per acre. Big opportunities for practical dairymen, stock men and poultrymen. Splendid climate. No severe winter.

SEND FOR BEAUTIFUL FREE BOOKLET

Tells all about opportunities in Fresno County; shows views of growing oranges, alfalfa, figs, raisins, etc. Send 10 cents for sample copy of Sunset Magazine, the big monthly magazine of the West, and ask for Fresno County booklet.

Sunset Magazine Service Bureau, San Francisco, California

THE PARS RESTAURANT

(FORMERLY THE ARCADE)

UNDER A NEW MANAGEMENT

High Class Service Catering to Ladies and Gentlemen.

Dinners and Suppers, 25c